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HONG KONG, WEDNESDAY, JULY 4, 1928. PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month.

GENUINE SIR WILLIAM CROOKES

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LENSES

Are the ONLY PROTECTION against the tropic sun—they absorb the ultra violet and infra red rays so dangerous to the eyes.

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LAZARUS

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HAMMOND AGAIN IN LIMELIGHT.**SCORES 218 NOT OUT.**

GLOUCESTER MAKE 653 FOR 6 AGAINST GLAMORGAN.

ESSEX BADLY SURPRISED.

W. R. Hammond, the Gloucestershire and England star batsman—in the opinion of many as good as Jack Hobbs of Surrey—came into the limelight again in the County games that started at Home on Monday. Playing for his County against Glamorganshire, the League “baby,” he scored 218 runs without losing his wicket. Altogether Gloucestershire made 653 for six wickets and then declared. This brings Gloucester in the records for great aggregates next to Warwickshire who in 1893 scored 657 for six wickets against Hampshire.

Essex suffered a surprising defeat at the hands of Northants and Notts took first Innings points from Yorkshire.

There were plenty of centuries. Oxford University beat the



W. R. Hammond.

M.C.C., whilst Cambridge lost to Leverton-Gower's XI.

Kent Win.

London, Yesterday. Kent defeated, Worcestershire by 10 wickets.

Kent 337, and 4 for 0.

Worcester 123 and 215 (Freeman 6 for 85).

Essex Surprised.

Northants beat Essex by 9 wickets.

Essex 165 (Jupp 5 for 43) and 138.

Northants 267 for 37 for 1.

Yorkshire Beaten.

Northants beat Yorkshire on first Innings.

Northants 134 and 329 for 9 declared (Whysall 107, Payton 117). Yorkshire 125 (Larwood 6 for 24), and 198 for 4.

Mead and Sandham.

Surrey beat Hampshire on first Innings.

Hants 334 (Mead 130) and 187 (Fender 5 for 50).

Surrey 399 (Sandham 122) and 72 for 2.

More Centuries.

Worwickshire beat Leicester on first Innings.

Leicester 275 (Siddell 102 not out) and 289.

Warwick 307 (Parsons 110) and 49 for 2.

Visitors Draw.

The West Indies drew with Lancashire.

Lancs. 235 and 144 for 1 declared.

West Indies 103 and 178 for 2.

M.C.C. Beaten.

Oxford University beat the M.C.C. by 5 wickets.

M.C.C. 293 and 285 for 9 declared.

Oxford 316 and 265 for 5 (A. Crowley 101).

Win for Sussex.

Sussex beat Somersetshire by 6 wickets.

Somerset 226 and 239.

Sussex 396 (Bowiey 107, Sellar 119, Hunt 7 for 118) and 73 for 4.

Hammond Again.

Gloucestershire beat Glamorganshire on first Innings.

Gloucester 653 for 6 declared (Hammond 218 not out), Dipper 188.

Glamorgan 204.

Cambridge Lose.

Leverton-Gower's XI beat Cambridge University by 139.

Leverton-Gower's XI 242 (Allom 7 for 74) and 408 (Bettinton 118).

Cambridge 172 and 334. Reuter.

BALLOON RACE.

Detroit, July 8. In the Gordon Bennett race the last French balloon has landed in Virginia, so that only the German one is still aloft—Reuter's American Service.

A WINDFALL FOR THE EXCHEQUER.**£500,000.**

GIVEN BY LORD AND LADY INCHCAPE AND FAMILY.

MEMORY OF DAUGHTER.

London, Yesterday.

Mr. Winston Churchill, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced in the House of Commons that Lord and Lady Inchcape and family have given £500,000 to be placed in trust for the reduction of the National Debt in memory of their daughter, the Hon. Elsie Mackay, who perished in the Atlantic flight.

The sum represents the residue of her estate which passed to the family.

To Reduce National Debt.

The British Wireless report states:

Miss Mackay left Cranwell aerodrome in a machine piloted by Captain Hinchliffe on the afternoon of March 13. No further news was heard of the machine or its occupants.

Mr. Churchill stated that as Miss Mackay's parents, Lord and Lady Inchcape, and their children, did not want to benefit by her death, they desired to place in trust with the nation the sum of £500,000, the residue of her estate which had passed to them.

Their wish was that the gift should ultimately be applied to the reduction of the National debt. They proposed that it should accumulate for a period roughly of 50 years unless at some other date the proceeds with other sums which may be available should be sufficient to redeem the whole of the liabilities of the State. The fund will be called the Elsie Mackay Fund.

INDIA'S LATEST.

"NO TAX" CAMPAIGN IN BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

UNIQUE SITUATION.

Bombay, Yesterday.

A situation unique in the annals of the British Administration of India is reported by the “Times of India” from Bardoli, one of the richest districts in the Bombay Presidency.

A “No Tax” campaign has completely paralysed the Government machinery, and as a result nobody can even stir from their house without the knowledge and consent of the leaders of the campaign.

Subordinate Government officials themselves are practically dependent on the goodwill of these leaders for supplies, conveyance, etc.

Valla Bhai, Patel controls the campaign, which is backed not only by local wealth, but also by a monthly “dole” of five lakhs of rupees from fellow villagers who are now settled in South Africa.

SOVIET SENTENCES.**FOUR MORE EXECUTIONS ORDERED.****CHARGES OF FRAUD, ETC.**

Moscow, Yesterday.

M. Jordania, ex-director of Customs at Batum and three subordinates have been convicted and sentenced to death at Tiflis on charges of fraud, embezzlement and speculation in connection with smuggled goods.

CUT IN HALF.**N.Y. CALL MONEY NOW 5 PER CENT.**

New York, Yesterday.

The rate of call money eased to five per cent. and signalled a bullish demonstration on the stock market.

The closing was strong.—Reuter's American Service.

HOME SILK DUTIES.

London, Yesterday.

In the course of the House of Commons discussion of silk duties Mr. Churchill said it was much too soon to disturb the complicated system of taxation and he hoped it would continue until a new Parliament had an opportunity of taking stock of it.—Reuter.

CHECK TO FRENCH ATTACK.**AT WIMBLEDON.**

BETTY NUTHALL BEATEN IN WOMEN'S DOUBLES.

TILDEN'S PROGRESS.

London, Yesterday.

The features of the play in the Wimbledon tennis championships were the defeat of Miss Betty Nuthall in the women's doubles and the checking of the French onslaught by Patterson and Hawkes, who beat Lacoste and Borotra. The other French pair, Cochet and Brugnon got into the quarter final of the men's doubles by defeating Timmer, of Holland, and the English player, H. Fisher.

The weather was gloomy and the attendance but moderate when play commenced.

Full details follow:

MEN'S DOUBLES.**Fourth Round.**Cochet and Brugnon beat Timmer (Holland) and H. Fisher (England) 6-3, 6-3, 6-2.

Quarter Final.

Tilden and Hunter beat Crole Rees and games 4-6, 6-1, 6-3, 6-2. Patterson and Hawkes beat Lacoste and Borotra 6-3, 5-7, 6-4, 9-7.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.

Second Round.

Mrs. Strawson and Miss Hemmings beat Betty Nuthall and Fraulein Aussem 4-6, 6-4, 8-6.

Quarter Final.

Mrs. Watson and Miss Saunders beat Mrs. Colegate and Miss Tyrrell 6-3, 6-1.

MIXED DOUBLES.

Second Round.

Spence and Miss Ryan beat Hennessey and Miss Jacobs 6-3, 6-3.

GREEK POLITICS.

VENIZELOS TO FORM A CABINET.

FINANCIAL POLICY.

Athens, Yesterday.

M. Venizelos has been entrusted with the formation of a Cabinet. Parliament is being dissolved.

The political crisis was precipitated by M. Venizelos' criticism of the financial policy of M. Kaphandaris, who sanctioned the decision of the Bank of Greece to issue shares, without consulting the Cabinet.

M. Venizelos also blamed the Government for setting off the Greek debt to France, which is in paper francs, against the French debt to Greece, which, according to written documents, is in gold. The Liberal party, led by M. Venizelos, is at present the strongest party of the coalition.—Reuter.

New Cabinet.

Later. M. Venizelos' cabinet will include an foreign minister, M. Alexander Carpanos, Minister of the Interior, M. Zavitzanos, Minister of Finance, M. Maris, and several ministers and diplomats abroad or who formerly held office.

The Chamber will be dissolved this weekend.—Reuter.

TEXTILE TRADE.

SETTLEMENT IN THE DYERS' STRIKE.

London, Yesterday.

The National Union of Textile workers has ratified the agreement and the dyers are resuming work on Thursday.—Reuter.

HOME SILK DUTIES.

London, Yesterday.

Mr. Churchill said that a provisional settlement has been reached in the dyers' strike, the Textile Workers' Union having agreed to accept the terms reached between the employers and other Unions. The decision will be submitted to members to-day.

"GLORIOUS FOURTH" IN TOWN.

AMERICANS EN FETE

INDEPENDENCE DAY HONoured WITH A SALUTE.

THIS AFTERNOON'S FUNCTION.

"Glorious Fourth" in Hong Kong was rendered auspicious by fine weather and Americans in Hong Kong assembled to celebrate Independence Day in time-honoured custom.

The local Consulate-General, shipping and business offices observed the holiday with the Stars and Stripes flying from verandahs. Bri-

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Calvin Coolidge.

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STANDARD TIME.

SUNRISE AND SUNSET IN HONG KONG.

Sunrise and Sunset in Hong Kong during July, 1928, standard time for the 120th meridian, East of Greenwich, is as follows:—

	Sunrise.	Sunset.
July	a.m.	p.m.
4	5.43	7.11
6	5.43	7.11
7	5.44	7.11
8	5.44	7.11
9	5.45	7.11
10	5.45	7.11
11	5.46	7.11
12	5.46	7.11
13	5.47	7.11
14	5.47	7.11
15	5.48	7.11
16	5.48	7.10
17	5.48	7.10
18	5.49	7.10
19	5.49	7.10
20	5.50	7.09
21	5.50	7.09
22	5.50	7.08
23	5.51	7.08
24	5.51	7.07
25	5.51	7.07
26	5.52	7.06
27	5.53	7.06
28	5.53	7.05
29	5.53	7.05
30	5.54	7.04

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A Quantity of
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE
and

A Few Pieces of Blackwood Ware. Catalogues will be issued. On View from Thursday, the 5th July, 1928.

TERMS:—Cash on delivery.
LAMMERT BROS.
Auctioneers.
Hong Kong, July 2, 1928.

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ON FRIDAY, the 6th July, 1928, commencing at 2.30 p.m. at their Sales Room, No. 4, Duddell Street.

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Teak Dining Tables, Dining Chairs, Sideboards, Dinner Wagons, Dinner Crockery, Glass Ware, Cutlery, Ice Chests, Kitchen Utensils, etc., etc.

Iron and Teak Bedsteads, Single and Double Wardrobes with and without Mirror, Dressing Tables, Chests of Drawers, Boot Stands, Chamber Stands, Toilet Crockery, Washstands, etc., etc.

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 SHINYO MARU (Calls Nagasaki) ... Tuesday, 10th July.
 SIBERIA MARU (Calls Keelung) ... Tuesday, 24th July.
 TAYO MARU ... Wednesday, 8th August.
 LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM via
 Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez.
 KAMO MARU Saturday, 14th July.
 KATORI MARU Saturday, 28th July.
 SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.
 AKI MARU Wednesday, 25th July.
 MISHIMA MARU Wednesday, 22nd August.
 BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang, & Colombo.
 AWA MARU Wednesday, 11th July.
 SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles.
 Mexico & Panama.
 GINYO MARU Thursday, 12th July.
 SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape Town & Ports.
 KAMAKURA MARU Thursday, 12th July.
 NEW YORK and/or BOSTON via PANAMA.
 KAKO MARU Saturday, 14th July.
 LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Geneva, Marseilles.
 DURBAN MARU Wednesday, 11th July.
 CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
 TOKUSHIMA MARU Monday, 9th July.
 NAGASAKI KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
 MISHIMA MARU Friday, 20th July.
 SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
 CEYLON MARU (Moj direct) ... Thursday, 5th July.
 KASHIMA MARU Monday, 9th July.
 KAWACHI MARU (Kobe direct) ... Tuesday, 10th July.
 *Cargo only.

Subject to alteration without notice.

For further information apply to—NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
 Tel. Central No. 292 (Private exchange to all departments)

O. S. K.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM & ANTWERP—Via Singapore
 Colombo, Suez and Port Said.
 ALTAI MARU Tuesday, 10th July.
 RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS & BUENOS AIRES—Via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Durban & Cape Town.
 MONTEVIDEO MARU Friday, 10th August.
 BOMBAY—Via Singapore & Colombo.
 INDUS MARU Friday, 6th July.
 BORNEO MARU Friday, 20th July.
 DURBAN, DELAGOA BAY, BEIRA, DAR-ES-SALAAM, ZANZIBAR AND
 MOMDASA—Via Singapore and Colombo.
 PANAMA MARU Sunday, 8th July.
 CALCUTTA—Via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.
 SHUNKO MARU Friday, 6th July.
 SEATLE MARU Wednesday, 26th July.
 VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA & VANCOUVER—Via Shanghai and Japan ports.
 MELBOURNE—Via Manila, Brisbane & Sydney.
 BURMA MARU Saturday, 7th July.
 BANGKOK—Via Suez.
 HAIPHONG—Via HOIHOW & PAKHOI.
 JAPAN MARU Thursday, 6th July 10 a.m.
 NEW YORK—Via Japanese ports, San Francisco & Panama.
 HAVANA MARU Thursday, 25th June.
 HAMBURG MARU Middle of July.
 JAPAN PORTS
 BATAVIA MARU Saturday, 7th July.
 AMAZON MARU Wednesday, 11th July.
 SUMATRA MARU Friday, 13th July.
 KEELUNG—Via SWATOW & AMOY.
 KISHU MARU Sunday, 8th July noon.
 HOZAN MARU Sunday, 15th July noon.
 CANTON
 DELI MARU Sunday, 8th July.
 TAKAO—Via SWATOW & AMOY.
 DELI MARU Thursday, 12th July noon.
 TAKAO & KEELUNG Saturday, 7th July.
 BATAVIA MARU Friday, 20th July.
 TAKAO MARU Friday, 20th July.
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SAYING GOODBYE.

3RD DESTROYER FLOTILLA &
 "CURLEW."

TO-MORROW'S CONCERT.

The Y.M.C.A. Entertainment Committee has arranged a farewell concert and dance to last from 8 p.m. till midnight to-morrow, in St. George's Hall, in the City Hall, prior to the departure of the 3rd destroyer flotilla and H.M.S. "Curlew" of the 3rd cruiser squadron.

The Flotilla Concert Party will take part. Ladies are cordially invited to be present but owing to the limited accommodation, the dance will be for ladies and Naval men only.

Present intentions are that the flotilla should leave Hong Kong on Sunday, bound for Malta, then for Home followed by "Curlew" on Monday, bound for Home for refitting.

There are nine vessels in the flotilla, as follow:

H.M.S. "Keppel," flotilla leader, "Wishart,"

"Verity," "Veteran," "Wanderer,"

"Witterington," "Wild Swan," "Wivern," "Wolverine."

The leader is of 1,750 tons and 40,000 I.H.P., carrying five 4.7 inch guns and one 3 inch anti-aircraft gun.

"Wishart" is of 1,350 tons and 30,000 I.H.P. The others are of 1,325 tons and 27,000 I.H.P. Each carries four 4.7 inch guns.

"Curlew" is of 4,190 tons and 40,000 I.H.P., carrying five 6 inch guns, two 3 inch anti-aircraft guns and four 3-pounders.

Captain E. C. O. Thomson, D.S.O. is the officer commanding the 3rd destroyer flotilla. Captain H. C. Allen is the officer commanding H.M.S. "Curlew."

The destroyers arrived in Hong Kong on Oct. 15, 1926, and have been attached to the China Station since, having been lent from the Mediterranean Station, like "Curlew." The destroyers should have left in May, but were kept back as the result of unrest in China.

LLOYD'S ARCHITECT.

HONOUR FOR SIR EDWIN COOPER.

It is announced that the Committee of Lloyd's have elected Sir Edwin Cooper, F.R.I.B.A., the architect of Lloyd's new building, an honorary member of the Corporation, an honour accorded only to those who have done exceptional service to Lloyd's or to the nation.

Sir Edwin Cooper, who is 55 years of age, is the architect of many notable public buildings. Besides Lloyd's, he has designed the Port of London Authority building in Tower Hill, the Marylebone Town Hall, the Star and Garter War Memorial at Richmond, for the British Red Cross Society, and a number of other striking edifices in London. In other parts of the country his works include the Hull Guildhall and Law Courts, and the bio-chemical schools of Cambridge University.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

Consignees of cargo ex
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"KOCHOW" INQUIRY.

FINDING OF THE MARINE COURT OF INQUIRY.

IMPORTANT RECOMMENDATION.

The Marine Court of Inquiry into the foundering of the s.s. "Kochow," the closing evidence in which was published in yesterday's "China Mail," announced its finding in the afternoon as follows:

"The s.s. "Kochow" on June 9 was on a voyage from Hong Kong to Wuchow via ports. Her draft was 9 feet 5 inches forward and 10 feet 6 inches aft. The master was Mr. David Morgan, holding a certificate of competency issued in Australia. The mate was Mr. William C. C. Becks, holding a certificate as mate of a river steamer issued in Hong Kong.

The ship left Hong Kong at about 5.30 p.m. with a cargo consisting mainly of rice, flour and salt fish, stowed in the holds and on the main deck, and also a large number of Chinese passengers on the main and saloon decks.

"At about 10.30 p.m. the ship was approaching the Wang Mu Bar. The mate was on watch taking soundings and an uncerificated

UPPER YANGTSE QUIET.

There has been no firing at British and other merchant vessels on the Upper Yangtze River for some days now.—British Naval Wireless.

Owing to hostilities and the presence of bandits, British ships had to run the gauntlet for a fortnight.

Chinese pilot was in charge of the navigation. The master was in his cabin at the time.

The speed of the ship at the time was about $\frac{7}{4}$ knots and the strength of current about 5 knots across the course. The ship took the ground and listed heavily to port, with the result that the water entered through the cargo doors and the ship sank.

"The passengers and the crew were eventually taken off under the supervision of H.M. armed launches and "Onslaught" and the ship was abandoned.

"There is yet no evidence that the cargo was improperly stowed and the evidence of loss of life is not complete, but the Court finds that the master is in default in proceeding to sea with the ship overloaded and he being absent from the bridge when the safety of the ship required his personal supervision, and in attempting to cross the bar under the prevailing conditions, the Court orders his certificate of competency to be suspended for a period of three calendar months and recommends that a certificate of competency as first mate in the meantime should be made the leading feature of the memorial.

"The Court is satisfied that the stability of the ship is satisfactory, with the cargo properly stowed, but notes that the stowage of cargo was left in the hands of a coolie, and that neither the master nor the mate took any steps to ensure that the cargo was properly stowed.

The Court records its opinion, based on the number of casualties to ships, the evidence produced in this case, and its intimate knowledge of River Trade, that the state of ships engaged, is frequently unsatisfactory and recommends that a commission be appointed by the Government of Hong Kong to enquire into the general conditions under which British ships operate in this trade."

The Canadian Pacific Liner "Duchess of Bedford" (20,000 tons), which was launched in January by Mrs. Baldwin from the yard of Messrs. John Brown and Co., Ltd., underwent her trials towards the end of May, and was to sail on her maiden voyage from Liverpool to Montreal on June 1. The "Duchess of Atholl," built by Messrs. William Beardmore and Co., Ltd., Dalmuir, is due to take up her first sailing from Liverpool in July. These two 20,000-ton liners will effect, in co-operation with the "Montclare" and "Montcalm," a weekly service between Montreal and Liverpool, leaving each port on Fridays. The "Duchess" vessels will be the largest liners to enter the port of Montreal.

The new passenger steamer "Princess Elaine," built for the Canadian Pacific by Messrs. John Brown and Co., Ltd., Clydebank, has arrived at Victoria to take up service between Vancouver and Nanaimo.

H.M.S. "DAUNTLESS."

FEARED TOTAL LOSS: CREW TAKEN OFF.

ON SUMMER CRUISE.

Halifax, July 3. It is feared that the cruiser H.M.S. "Dauntless," which went aground on the Tribune Shoals, inside the entrance to the harbour, will be a total loss. The entire crew has been taken off except the fifty officers and men who remained on board through the night.

Local reports indicate that the "Dauntless," which in accordance with Naval custom declined the services of a local pilot, mistook the buoy marking the fairway in the thick fog.

A heavy swell is running and the cruiser's forepart is now grinding steadily on the sharp edges. Water has rapidly risen to the lower compartments, and salvage experts consider it unlikely that the ship can be refloated. They think she will soon break up if the wind rises.

The "Dauntless" only recently joined the North Atlantic Squadron and left Bermuda on June 29 for Halifax, engaged on a summer cruise.

The ship left Hong Kong at about 5.30 p.m. with a cargo consisting mainly of rice, flour and salt fish, stowed in the holds and on the main deck, and also a large number of Chinese passengers on the main and saloon decks.

"At about 10.30 p.m. the ship was

approaching the Wang Mu Bar.

The mate was on watch taking

soundings and an uncerificated

H.M.S. "KENT."

CHATHAM'S FAREWELL.

London, Yesterday. There was a large crowd at Chatham Dockyard to say "Farewell" to the new cruiser "Kent" when she left for Sheerness to take in stores. She will proceed to China where she will remain for two years as Admiral Tyrwhitt's flagship.—Reuter.

H.M.A.S. SYDNEY.

FAMOUS CRUISER ENDS CAREER.

Sydney, May 8. The flag of H.M.A.S. "Sydney" was hauled down at noon to-day. Henceforth the "Sydney," so honourably associated with service, ceases to be an active unit of the Royal Australian Navy. The "Sydney" will ride at anchor in Farm Cove Bay for a time, and later will meet the fate of most obsolete vessels. Plans are under consideration by a committee for a memorial to be erected at the entrance to Sydney Harbour in honour of the men of the Royal Australian Navy and the Australian mercantile marine who rendered active service during the war. Although nothing has been decided, the promoters of the project propose that the tripod mast of the "Sydney" should be made the leading feature of the memorial.

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S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong About	Destination
KHYBER	9,414	7th July	Marseilles, London, Antwerp & Hull, Bombay, Marseilles & London.
RAWALPINDI	10,612	21st July	M'lice, I'don, A'werp, R'dam & H'burg
FRANKLIN	10,658	23rd July	M'lice, I'don, A'werp, R'dam & H'burg
RASHMIK	9,985	4th Aug.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp.
KIDDERPORE	6,334	11th Aug.	Straits & Bombay.
RAJPUTANA	18,558	18th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
ALIPODE	5,273	23rd Aug.	Straits & Bombay.
TALAWA	10,088	1st Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
KALYAN	9,144	15th Sept.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp.

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BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS.

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong About	Destination
TAKADA	8,949	7th July	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
TALAMBA	8,018	20th July	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
TALMA	10,000	3rd Aug.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
TAKIWA	7,930	13th Aug.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.

B.I. Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS. (South).

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong About	Destination
ARAFURA	6,000	3rd Aug.	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney
TANDA	6,056	15th Aug.	Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney

*Calls Port Holland and omits Sandakan.

Regular monthly sailings from Hong Kong to Japan and Hong Kong to Australia.

The E. & A. S.S. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Iloilo, Cebu, Kolambagan, Tawau, Timor, Darwin, or other ports en route as inducement offers.

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The P. & O. Royal Mail steamers to London via Suez Canal.

The P. & O. Branch Service of steamers to London via the Cape. The New Zealand Shipping Company's steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN.

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong About	Destination
NELLORE	6,858	6th July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
KASHMIR	8,885	6th July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
TALMA	10,000	12th July	Amoy, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
ARAFURA	6,000	10th July	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama.
KIDDERPORE	5,834	14th July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Y'hama.
TAKIWA	7,930	18th July	Amoy, Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Y'hama.
ALIPODE	5,273	28th July	Shanghai, Moji, & Yokohama.
RAJPUTANA	16,568	20th July	Amoy, Moji, & Yokohama.
SANTHIA	7,754	28th July	Shanghai, Moji, & Yokohama.
KALYAN	9,144	3rd Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, & Yokohama.
TANDA	6,056	7th Aug.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama.
TILAWA	16,000	8th Aug.	Moji, Shai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
NALDERA	16,088	17th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
KASHGAR	9,005	31st Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.

*Cargo only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

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SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

S.S. "CITY OF OSAKA"	Via Suez Canal	12th July.
S.S. "DARDANUS"	Via Suez Canal	27th July.
S.S. "CITY OF EVANESVILLE"	Via Suez Canal	10th Aug.
S.S. "LYCIA"	Via Suez Canal	24th Aug.

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TO-DAY'S ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

A BIG LIST.

Yulchow (1222) British, from Canton—B. & S.:—50 tons general cargo (through).

Chatham (225) British, from Murorah—M.B.K.:—5,300 tons coal for Hong Kong.

New Mathilde (342) British, from Haiphong, Hoihow, Yik Tai:—142 passengers, 630 tons general cargo for Hong Kong.

Heuching (1261) British, from Foochow, Swatow—Dougha:—146 passengers, 600 tons general cargo for Hong Kong.

Hydrangea (561) British, from Swatow—Chin On:—386 passengers, 68 tons general cargo for Hong Kong.

Sphinx (6724) French, from Yokohama, Shanghai—Mackinnon Mackenzie:—194 passengers, 50 tons general cargo for Hong Kong, 622 tons general cargo (through).

Paul Leat (7646) French, from Marseilles, Saigon—Mackinnon Mackenzie:—332 passengers, 107 tons general cargo for Hong Kong, 2,921 tons general cargo (through).

Van Heutz (2749) Dutch, from Amoy, Swatow—J.C.J.L.:—1,373 passengers, 900 tons general cargo (through).

Osaka via Amoy, Moji & Kobe:—FOOKSANG ... Fri., 6th July at 7 a.m.

Osaka via Amoy, Shai, Moji & Kobe:—HOOSANG ... Fri., 13th July at 7 a.m.

Osaka via Amoy, Moji & Kobe:—KUTSANG ... Wed., 20th July at 7 a.m.

Osaka via Amoy, Moji & Kobe:—NAMSANG ... Fri., 3rd Aug. at 7 a.m.

Canton: FOOSHING ... Thurs., 6th July at 7 a.m.

Strait & Celesta: FOOKSANG ... Wed., 25th July at 3 p.m.

Singapore: SUISSANG ... Fri., 6th July at 3 p.m.

Sandakan: YUENSANG ... Fri., 20th July at Noon.

Tientsin: MAUSANG ... Sat., 7th July at 3 p.m.

Tientsin: CHEONGSHING ... Wed., 11th July at Noon.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

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Tsai via Stow & Shai ... FOOSHING ... Wed., 11th July at Noon.

Tsai via Stow & Shai ... CHAKSANG ... Sun., 15th July at Noon.

Osaka via Amoy, Moji & Kobe:—FOOKSANG ... Fri., 6th July at 7 a.m.

Osaka via Amoy, Shai, Moji & Kobe:—HOOSANG ... Fri., 13th July at 7 a.m.

Osaka via Amoy, Moji & Kobe:—KUTSANG ... Wed., 20th July at 7 a.m.

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Tientsin: MAUSANG ... Sat., 7th July at 3 p.m.

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Hong Kong, Wednesday, July 4, 1928.

BRITISH PROPERTY IN CHINA.

The property to which we wish to refer is the property that Britons until comparatively recently held in China and of which they were dispossessed unjustly, directly or indirectly, in consequence of China's protracted internecine wars. Now that there may be said to be a lull in the fighting, perhaps it may soon be regarded as opportune that those who now regard themselves as masters of the situation in China should be made aware of the fact that they have obligations, in the name of their country, which a sense of honour should make imperative that they settle as quickly as possible. Whatever the British Government or the British Foreign Office may have found it expedient to do in their negotiations with the so-called officials of the Nationalists at a time when, even more clearly than actually appeared, these officials were deeply committed to the propagation of Communistic theories, with their Soviet masters or their agents at their elbow, it is certain that the result of these negotiations point conclusively to a reconsideration of the results then reached. Never at any time, to any Briton in this part of the world, has it appeared that the settlement arrived at with regard to British losses at Kukkiang was little short of farcical in the extreme. A settlement in the sum of \$40,000 for the property involved might at the time have seemed better than nothing plus a widening of the breach between ourselves and the Nationalists who were then carrying everything

else to recognise that wrongs are best put to right by the wrongdoers. Sir Austen Chamberlain informs his critics in the House of Commons that "he is unable to make any promises on behalf of the National Government." Neither at home nor abroad do his fellow-countrymen expect anything of the kind, but they certainly expect and, with a General Election looming ahead, they will insist, that those responsible for British policy in China will see that in the negotiation and the settlement of such policy, that Britons in China are justly treated and that when, as was the case early last year, they are dealt with unfairly, the earliest opportunity must be taken to have matters readjusted.

Nine cargo boat masters and mistresses were each fined \$5 or, in fault 5 days' imprisonment for mooring their boats in Causeway Bay in the Typhoon Shelter without permission on the night of the 3rd inst.

The St. Andrew's Young Men's Club meeting will be held to-day in the Church Hall. The club will be open from 6 o'clock to 7.30, then again from 8 o'clock to 10. A cordial invitation is extended to all who wish to become members.

The master of a barber shop and his fokl were each ordered to be bound over in a bond of \$50 to be of good behaviour for one year, by Mr. W. Schofield at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, on a charge of behaving in a disorderly manner by fighting.

Kwok Kau, coxswain of the steam launch "Seagull" was charged before Commander J. B. Nowill, D.S.O., R.N., at the Marine Court this morning, with failing to exhibit a regulation light at 9.15 p.m. on June 28. He was fined \$25 or 3 weeks' imprisonment.

Property in the Colony valued at \$16,500 has been left by a Chinese married woman, who died intestate on April 29, 1928, to the Yueng Wo Nursing Home. Letters of administration have been granted to her husband, Mr. Felix Young, of No. 2, Staunton-street.

Stated to have caused annoyance to passengers disembarking from the Star ferries after midnight by gathering around the wharf exit, several ricksha coolies were yesterday charged before Mr. W. Schofield, at the Kowloon Magistracy, with causing a "nuisance." Fines of \$3 each were imposed.

At the Central Magistracy this morning, Inspector Fowler of the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, summoned the holders of poultry stalls Nos. 85 and 86 at the Central Market, for keeping fowl in crates without water. The Magistrate (Major C. Willson, O.B.E.) imposed fines of \$10 each.

At Kowloon, Magistracy this morning, a Chinese who was described as "a public nuisance" was fined \$10 and ordered to pay complainant \$10 compensation. In addition he was bound over in a bond of \$100 to be of good behaviour for a year. Complainant had testified that defendant struck him for no apparent reason.

As the result of information received, a Chinese detective stopped a man in Pitt-street on the night of June 24, and, searching him, found a loaded revolver on his person. The man was charged at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday afternoon, before Mr. W. Schofield and Major C. Willson, O.B.E., for being in unlawful possession of the weapon. Sentence of five years' hard labour was passed.

It has been reported to the police that a fokl, named Lai Lai-shan, of No. 24, Sai-street, has absconded with \$1,700. Another fokl of the same shop, named Pun Lai-chun, is alleged to have disappeared with \$1,720.4, while a man named Li Kang-yam, of the Yick Tung Yan Printing Shop, No. 4, Wah Lane, is reported to have embezzled \$92. Warrants have been issued by the police for their arrest.

In giving evidence against the driver of car No. 216 was fined \$10 yesterday, by Major C. Willson, O.B.E., on a charge of obstruction of the tram lines at Causeway Bay-road.

By order of the Political Sub-Council, the Canton Government has notified that no gambling will be allowed in private houses or shops. The playing of mah-jong is also prohibited.

For soliciting passengers in Chater-road and refusing to show his licence, the driver of public car No. 300 was charged and fined \$10 and \$5, respectively, at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

Mr. Aida of the Chinese Maritime Customs and late of Holkow, passed through Hong Kong with Mrs. Aida and family aboard the s.s. "President Taft" yesterday on his way to a Northern station.

An 8-month-old Chinese male child died at the Kwong Wah Hospital yesterday afternoon, as the result of being badly scalded when a pot of hot tea was upset at No. 17, Pekin-road, Kowloon.

At St. John's Cathedral Hall on Friday, at 9 p.m., Lt.-Comdr. E. L. Berthon, R.N., D.S.C., will give a lecture on "The Blocking of Zeebrugge" illustrated with specially prepared lantern slides. All seats are free.

Owing to the shortage of the water supply at Tungshan, a suburb of Canton, where many foreigners reside, the Provincial Government of Canton has decided to build a reservoir there. It is estimated that the reservoir will be completed within six months.

THE NATIONALIST.

CHIANG KAI-SHEK AT PEKING.

WHAT OTHERS ARE DOING.

Peking, Yesterday. General Li Tsung-yan preceded Marshal Chiang Kai-shek into Peking, where a large body of officials met Chiang Kai-shek's party. Crowds of Chinese waited at the station all night in order to catch a glimpse of the Nationalist Generalissimo.

Chiang Kai-shek, accompanied by his wife, immediately left the city for the Western Hills, where they are staying in a Chinese residence in Hsinghsien, the former Imperial hunting park which is near Sun Yat-sen's burial place at Piyunwu.

Deputations.

Li Tsung-yan is making his headquarters with General Pei Chung-hsi. They with General Yen Hsi-shan left for the Western Hills this afternoon. Chiang Kai-shek saw some personally and deputed subordinates to interview other callers.—Reuter.

Yen Hsi-shan.

Peking, Yesterday. According to Chinese reports General Yen Hsi-shan has ordered 20,000 of his (Shansi) troops to Talyuanfu, this being taken as an indication that he also intends to go there before long.

It is reported that the Nationalist Government intends to appoint Mr. Chu Chao-hsin (at present Commissioner for Foreign Affairs at Canton) as Vice-Foreign Minister and to station him at Peking to carry on dealings with the Ministers of the Foreign Powers.—Reuter.

Those Salt Funds.

Peking, Yesterday. The amount of Salt funds deposited with the Bank of China for the payment of loans secured on the salt revenue and transferred by the Bank to the Nationalist Government was \$173,000. The transfer was ordered by the Nationalist Ministry of Finance, according to a statement given out by the British Legation yesterday.—Reuter.

COLONY'S HEALTH.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASE LAST WEEK.

TYPHOID FEVER CASES.

The return of notifiable disease in the Colony last week, according to reports to the Medical Officer of Health, was as follows:

Enteric (typhoid fever): 4 cases from the city district; 4 from Kowloon, 1 from Aberdeen and 2 from the New Territory—total 11 cases (of which 10 were Chinese and 1 British); 3 deaths during the week.

Small-pox: 1 Chinese case from Kowloon; 4 deaths during the week.

Diphtheria: 1 Chinese case from the city.

Cerebro-spinal fever: 1 Chinese case from the city: 1 death. Influence (not notifiable): 4 deaths.

VIOLENT CRIPPLE.

MAN WITH OVER A HUNDRED CONVICTIONS.

Over 100 convictions for several kinds of offences were recorded against a cripple named Michael Kenny, a native of Kilmarnock, who at Bow-street Police-court was sentenced to four months' hard labour for committing damage to the amount of £20 at the Buckingham Hotel, Buckingham-street, Strand.

It was stated that the prisoner entered the vestibule of the hotel and smashed windows and furniture with his crutch.

Detective Slyfield described Kenny as a man with an ungovernable temper. He was first convicted he said, at 17 years of age, and his sentences included one of four years' penal servitude for stabbing two warders in Glasgow prison.

TEASERS.

Answer The "China Mail" Questions.

TO-DAY'S POSERS.

From day to day a series of half a dozen questions, not tremendously difficult to answer but not always so simply solved as may be thought, appear on this page. Answers are given on page nine.

- (1) What is the highest mountain in England?
- (2) And where is it?
- (3) What is Philately?
- (4) What are the Isles du Saint?
- (5) Who wrote "The wide, wide world, under the pale moon" of Elizabeth Webber?
- (6) Who was Charon?

"SHUN PO" APPEAL.

APPLICATION ADJOURNED SINE DIE.

STATEMENT CONCLUDED.

In the small Court, at the Central Magistracy yesterday afternoon, Lieut.-Col. F. Eaves, D.S.O., heard argument by Mr. H. Somerset Fitzroy, Assistant Attorney General, in support of his application to review parts of his Worship's judgment against the Chung Fat Co., printers of the Hong Kong "Shun Po," and eventually adjourned sine die.

Last week when Mr. Fitzroy made his application, his Worship in giving an adjournment until yesterday, expressed a wish to hear Mr. M. K. Lo, solicitor for the defence during the hearing of the case. When the Court sat yesterday afternoon, Mr. Lo was not present.

Proceeding to make his application for a review of judgment, Mr. Fitzroy at the outset told the Magistrate that he was only concerned with the printers of the "Shun Po," and no application was being made with regard to the judgment against the publisher of the paper.

Counsel drew his Worship's attention to two points with regard to the printers, — (1) the parties before the Court; and (2) the penalties which his Worship had imposed.

THE SUMMONSES.

Dealing with the parties before the Court, Mr. Fitzroy said that the summonses were issued against the Chung Fat Company and that appeared on the face of it to be a corporation. The Company appeared in one of the ways which it could appear, and that was through a solicitor who said he appeared for the Company.

Mr. Fitzroy then pointed out that no evidence whatever was given with regard to the constitution of the Company. So far as his Worship knew, and as everybody knew, it was a corporation and must be dealt with as such. He reminded the Magistrate that at one time during the hearing of the case questions were asked by his Worship as regards the constitution of the Company. Mr. Fitzroy had not been able to give the necessary information.

His Worship remarked that if it had been a corporation it would have been styled the "Chung Fat Company, Limited."

Mr. Fitzroy replied that that was not essentially so, as the word "Limited" was only put in to provide the liability of each of the partners in a firm.

Continuing, Mr. Fitzroy pointed out the fact that his Worship had no evidence to show that the defendant printers were not a body corporate. "I may be perfectly right to sue them as a firm, but I did not do so!" added Mr. Fitzroy. Counsel contended that the only thing his Worship could do was to fine the Chung Fat Co., a corporation. His Worship did not know that there was a partnership and was only assuming. If the question had been raised by the defending solicitor, Mr. Fitzroy said he would have dealt with it at once.

The Magistrate remarked that he did raise the point during the hearing of the case and the only thing Mr. Lo said was that he did not know who were the partners. He asked Mr. Fitzroy, if he could say whether the Chung Fat Co. was represented by one or more persons.

Mr. Fitzroy: I cannot, nor do I propose to offer it if I can.

His Worship: I don't see how we could continue your application. My judgment is against each partner of the defendant Company.

Mr. Fitzroy: They were not here before you. The reason why I am asking this application is because you have no power to deal with any person who was not before you!

Continuing Mr. Fitzroy said that his submission was that the Magistrate could not do more than fine the Chung Fat Company.

THE PRINTER.

Speaking as to the difference between the responsibility of the publishers and the printers, Mr. Fitzroy said that the printer was under a contract to turn out the paper each day, and would be liable to serious damages should he hold it up. What was more, the printer had a perfect right to assume that everything was properly passed, and it was not for him to reject anything that was given to him to print. In the circumstances, the punishment meted out to the printers should be different from that of the publisher.

The Chung Fat Company, said Mr. Fitzroy, were properly represented before the Court, and would appear, with regard to all that had happened, to be a corporate body, and he submitted that they could not be dealt with otherwise than as a corporate body and in that case they could only be fined. It was impossible to fine or send to gaol each of the people who were not brought before his Worship.

His Worship remarked that that was the first time Mr. Fitzroy had mentioned a corporate body.

Mr. Fitzroy replied that if he had intended to summon the partners he would have issued writs against each separate individual. His Worship asked if Mr. Fitzroy could put a somebody in the box to say that the partners of the Chung Fat Company comprised Brown, Jones or Dick.

Mr. Fitzroy replied that he could not.

THE DECISION.

His Worship: The grounds for your application do not seem to arise. In these cases the Crown finds itself in the somewhat unique position of having prosecuted to conviction a person or persons unknown trading under the style or firm-name of The Chung Fat Co. who appeared and defended by Counsel throughout the whole of a protracted hearing concealed the individual identity of the partner or partners comprising such firm. The resulting convictions were against "each individual partner of the Defendant Co." and the Crown as prosecutor now applies for a review of that decision on the ground that partners in the firm cannot be individually penalised. If the Defendant firm is in fact a one-man concern the ground for the application does not (and cannot) arise. If it consists of two or more partners the ground for the application does arise, but when (and only when) evidence is adduced to that effect.

As this evidence is not forthcoming I therefore have no alternative to adjourn the application sine die (that is to say) until the Crown is in a position to adduce the required evidence.

Mr. Fitzroy: With all due deference, Sir, you have fined each individual partner and if, there is no partner the judgment must go to the ground. I am submitting, Sir, that the whole thing has arisen through misapprehension on your part.

In support of his judgment, his Worship, quoted legal authorities at some length, but Mr. Fitzroy contended that the case cited was civil and not criminal, and was beside the point.

Col. Eaves maintained that the ground for the application did not arise, and consequently adjourned it sine die.

ARMED ROBBERY.**GREEN SENTENCED TO 15 YEARS IN SHANGHAI.**

There was a stir in the Provisional Court, on June 20, when a sentence of fifteen years' imprisonment, with loss of all civil rights for life, was passed upon Theodore Saridis, a Greek, by Judge Hsiung and Mr. Van den Berg, Senior Consul's Deputy, when he was found guilty on a charge that he was concerned with another named Elly Widler, at about 2.20 p.m. on May 12, on Liping-road, in robbing by means of armed violence a Chinese Nationalist officer of \$6,000 and a "huchao." Saridis was also ordered to return \$6,000 to the complainant in the case.

Widler was charged in the Swiss Consular Court on the same charge, but it was held that there was insufficient evidence against him and he was released.

Proceedings were delayed in the Provisional Court on previous occasions on account of the non-appearance of Widler in the Court, although a warrant was issued. As Widler had left Shanghai, the case was proceeded with without his evidence.

The facts of the case were that Widler, Saridis and the Nationalist officer were proceeding to Woosung in a motor car when complainant alleged that \$6,000 which he had on his person was taken from him by force. Saridis denied the charge and said that his only connection with the affair was that he was asked by Widler to see if the money was good; that complainant handed him the bank notes and that he had found them genuine; that he gave the notes back to complainant, who in turn handed them over to Widler. At no time was force used nor did he see any firearms. Complainant alleged that after the robbery he was forced to alight, but that he held on to Saridis, who got out of the car first, and blew his police whistle. Widler drove off in the car, while accused ran away, but was arrested by a Sikh trooper and two Japanese constables. At the Police Station, accused made a statement in which he admitted certain facts of the charge, and it was evidently upon these that he was found guilty of participation in the crime.

Mr. H. D. Rodger prosecuted in the case, and accused was represented by Mr. N. A. Ivanow. Seen after the judgment, Mr. Ivanow said that an appeal against the sentence would be lodged.

During the absence of Mr. A. C. Clear, Mr. L. P. Ridgway will be acting Engineer-in-Chief of the Shanghai-Hangchow Railway.

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APPEAL COURT.**ANTIMONY CASE JUDGMENT RESERVED.****COUNCIL'S ARGUMENT.**

Judgment was reserved yesterday at the conclusion of the case before the Full Court of Appeal in which Messrs. John Batt and Co. (London), Ltd., appealed against a decision (unfavourable to them) given by Mr. Justice Jacks in the Summary Court, last year on a claim by them against Messrs. Silva-Netto and Co., Hong Kong, for \$895.25, alleged to be balance of damages ascertained on May 19, 1925 to have been suffered by plaintiffs by a breach of contract by the defendants.

Mr. F. C. Jenkins (instructed by Mr. L. R. Andrews) was for the appellants-plaintiffs. Mr. C. G. Alabaster, K.C. (instructed by Mr. Leo d'Almada e Castro) was for the defendants-respondents.

The appeal was heard by the Chief Justice (Sir Henry Gollan) and the Puisane Judge (Mr. Justice Jacks).

Tons & Units.

After Mr. Jenkins had opened, in the morning, Mr. Alabaster said that his side called four witnesses in the Summary Court to prove that Silva-Netto's had supplied good merchantable sulphide. Mr. Silva-Netto was able to produce samples of the shipment and another witness showed samples taken before the ore was shipped. It was proved, outside the correspondence, that good merchantable sulphide of 65 per cent. antimony was supplied.

Mr. Alabaster dealt with the question of the contract, adding that the circumstances of a contract were of vital importance when finding if there had been a breach or no.

The Chief Justice said that he was not quite clear about the point which had been raised by Mr. Alabaster as to the wording of the contract.

In the contract the words used were so much per ton of ore and in one of the documents so much per unit.

Mr. Alabaster replied that his clients had agreed to pay so much per unit in each ton, the amount of antimony that could be got (i.e., each one per cent.) being a unit.

The Market Then.

The Chief Justice remarked that it had been suggested that a high price had been paid owing to the nature of the contract.

Mr. Silva-Netto, in one of the documents, said that the supply of Chinese antimony sulphide was low, it was the rarity of the commodity which governed the price.

In another letter, Mr. Silva-Netto said that antimony sulphide was short in the market and within a month of the contract the prices had risen.

Mr. Jenkins accordingly submitted that there was no evidence that the arbitrator had made the award on the ground that Batt's, knowing that the ore was wanted for a special purpose, were liable because it would not fulfil that purpose.

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No reasonable offer refused.

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SCHOOLS' NEW CODE.

TEACHING FAIR PLAY INSTEAD OF DEAD LANGUAGES.

COMPULSORY HISTORY.

(By Stacy Ammoner.)

I have always believed implicitly in the great conception of Cecil Rhodes—unity between Great Britain and her dominions, the United States, and Germany. If this combination had got together at about

historical teaching were but a pleasant diversion, like the collecting of birds' eggs, there might be no great harm in it. But it is a compulsory subject, and set forth as it is like an official State pronouncement; it has an evil effect on the student. It tends to keep alive racial and religious prejudices; it fans the flames of international hatreds; it encourages the worst side of patriotism; it breeds false social values.

Europe, particularly Central Europe, suffers from a surfeit of historical knowledge. And, as it seems impossible to suppress the sullen vengeance and jealousies which this historical knowledge imparts, would it not be better to suppress it altogether?

A UNIVERSAL CODE.

I would like to so order the world that no one knows who his own grandfather was. It doesn't matter what they did yesterday. It matters more what we do to-day, but matters most that these youngsters should wake up to-morrow free and untrammeled. And it is really all so easy. The instinct of man is to be friendly to his neighbour. When he behaves otherwise it is because he has been educated to do so, either by the Press or the history books.

It should not be difficult to establish a universal code of decent behaviour, whereby the individual judges every project, untrammelled by the past, in an independent and fearless manner. I do not mean a high-falutin' code like that of the Samurai, but just a conformity to decency and fair play as between man and man, and woman and woman. They might, for instance,



A new photograph of Captain Norman Koehl, famous German pilot.

the time of Rhodes's death, we should have by now a universally established world peace.

I have never believed that Germany was essentially a militaristic country. They were peasants, craftsmen, and musicians.

However, it's no good now talking like this. It's too late. The mischief has been done. The only thing is to start the earth all over again.

Appealing to a League of Nations seems like beginning at the wrong end. You can't reform hardened sinners. Our only hope lies in an appeal to the children.

In other words, the solution is in education. And we must begin by stressing the fact that the basis of education is behaviour. I do not mean behaviour in the sense of jumping up and opening the door for Auntie when she is leaving the room (although this is not to be deprecated); I mean rather the directing of the physical, moral, and intellectual activities of the individual towards the claims of social life in its largest sense.

COMPULSORY HISTORY.

It is no good teaching anybody anything unless you teach them how to behave with regard to the knowledge you impart. Crusted as we all are with prejudice and dogma, there is almost as much to unteach as there is to teach. Fortunately there are still children who know nothing at all.

It would be, I think, a good plan to start with the scrapping of the teaching of history in all the schools. I cannot see that the teaching of history serves any useful purpose whatsoever. It is for the most part a dark-and-unreliable record of dynasties, wars, battles, court intrigues, religious bigotries, and the sway of international hatreds. The whole of history is almost entirely ugly and unedifying.

Why should a young man or woman who has to start facing the problems of life to-morrow be bothered by the ridiculous Plantagenets, or the peccadilles of the disgusting Bourbons? What has it all got to do with us? If this his-

torical teaching were but a pleasant diversion, like the collecting of birds' eggs, there might be no great harm in it. But it is a compulsory subject, and set forth as it is like an official State pronouncement; it has an evil effect on the student.

Individuals enter it almost eagerly, impelled by fear, just physical fear, and the graver fear that if they don't, someone may think that they are not thinking and doing what everybody else is thinking and doing. The average man would rather die than have this happen to him.—"Evening Standard."

when anything like a war comes along it is almost taken in its stride, as of something that "is done." The abstract justice of it is hardly challenged.

Individuals enter it almost eagerly, impelled by fear, just physical fear, and the graver fear that if they don't, someone may think that they are not thinking and doing what everybody else is thinking and doing. The average man would rather die than have this happen to him.—"Evening Standard."



A new photograph of Captain James C. Fitzmaurice, Irish aviator, who acted as co-pilot on the Bremen on its trans-Atlantic flight.

DAWN IN NEW YORK

SOME MODIFICATIONS.

New York.—After the elimination of various features to which objection had been taken, either on the ground that they were inaccurate or that they tended to promote hatred or bitterness, the British film "Dawn" was presented here before a crowded audience.

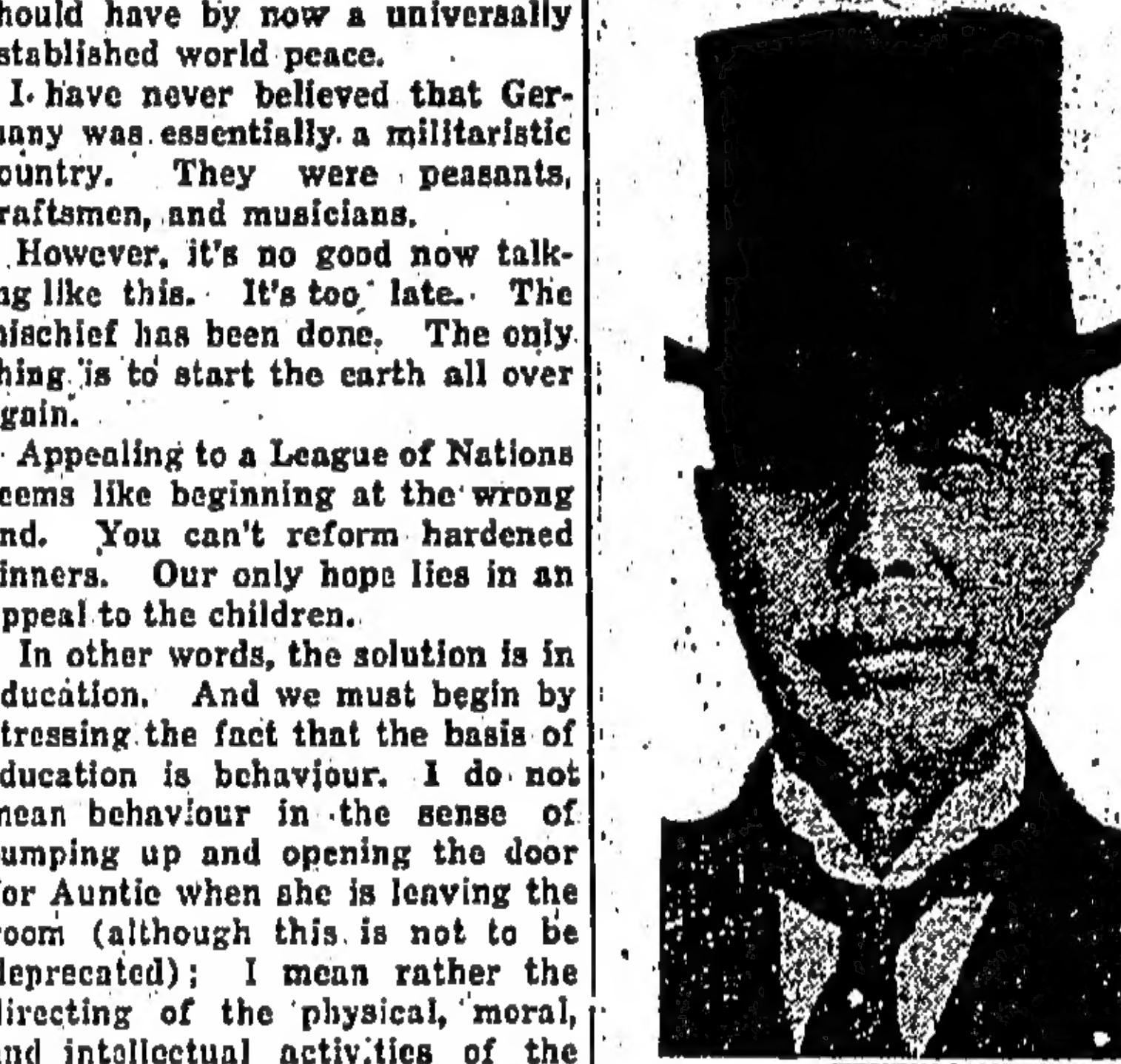
In the execution portion the scene depicting an officer shooting a soldier because he refused to raise his rifle had been excluded. The soldier, however, was portrayed as refusing to obey the order to fire.

The picture was received with intense silence until the last scene had faded from the screen. Then there followed a mild but brief outbreak of applause.

Whether it is expedient to exhibit this production in the United States, where many people of German birth or origin reside and where very many persons believe that it is good policy to eliminate most things which are not calculated to promote international good feeling and the world's peace, is a matter which is viewed differently by various sections of the people. Mr. James Gerard, the American Ambassador in Berlin during the war, strongly opposed the production, and with him are many leaders in religious and educational circles.

Before the showing of the picture it was announced that nobody connected with the production was paid anything more than his expenses and that 50 per cent. of the profits from the picture were to be devoted to the Edith Cavell hospitals.

London, Yesterday.—The Prime Minister to-day paid a courtesy visit to the King of Spain who is at present visiting England. King Alfonso left London this evening for Darlington, where he will inspect the Darlington Forge Company's works to-morrow.—British Wireless Service.



Baron Tanaka, Premier of Japan, who with the rest of the Imperial Cabinet, ordered reinforcements of 18,000 troops to Tsinan-fu and Tsin-ting, the capital and seaport respectively of Shantung. Save for a formal declaration, a state of war exists between Japan and the Chinese Nationalists.

be taught that even if a man pinches your pocket-book there's no call to blow his head off with dynamite; that because my father once punched your father on the nose that's no reason why you and I shouldn't have a game of draughts; that a man who can't speak your language is not necessarily a fool or an assassin.

It would be, I think, a good plan to start with the scrapping of the teaching of history in all the schools. I cannot see that the teaching of history serves any useful purpose whatsoever. It is for the most part a dark-and-unreliable record of dynasties, wars, battles, court intrigues, religious bigotries, and the sway of international hatreds. The whole of history is almost entirely ugly and unedifying.

These things are not taught. At that most impressionable time when they should be taught the students are learning algebra, history, or some dead language. They are also being taught to conform, to type, the public school type, the "nut" type, the shingled type, the national type. So that



Paris.—Left to right: Signorina Luisa Marzocchi, of Italy; Miss Katherina of Belgium; Miss Raymonde Alaria, of France; Miss Florence Asturias, of England; Signorina Anna, of Argentina; Signorina Agneta Asturias, of Spain. The touring beauties of Europe photographed together before they depart for America, where they will compete in the International Pageant of Parchment at Universal.

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PARROT

Sport Columns

BOXING.

DECISIVE WIN FOR MILLIGAN.

ROSENBLUM K. O.

[By Trevor C. Wigwall on June 25.]

With a solar-plexus punch that did not travel more than six inches, Tommy Milligan (Scotland) knocked out Maxie Rosenblum (New York) at the Albert Hall, London, last night in the ninth round of a fifteen-rounds contest.

Rosenblum fell as if he had been struck by lightning. The bell rang to end the round as he hit the floor, and after an interval he was carried back to his corner, inert and almost lifeless, by his attendants. He was not actually counted out, but lost because he was totally unable to resume in the tenth round.

He remained in the ring for another 15 minutes, and was then carried to his dressing room by commissioners and others. He was apparently unable to move hand or foot.

Doctor's Evidence.

His seconds made loud appeals for a foul, but they were not supported by the spectators. I had a clear view of the blow, and am satisfied that it was perfectly fair. Dr. Innes, who examined Rosenblum in his dressing-room, stated he could find no traces of injury.

It was an extraordinary fight. Almost to the last moment there was a doubt whether it would take place, owing to the fact that in the afternoon Rosenblum had been three pounds overweight, while Milligan had not been weighed at all.

After lengthy discussion, and also after Milligan had been promised extra money, it was decided to restrict the contest to 15 rounds at catch-weight.

To me Rosenblum looked a light-heavy-weight. He was much taller than Milligan, and also longer of reach, and it is plain truth to say that he had matters almost all his own way for eight rounds. He was not only trickier than Milligan, but more agile and faster with his punches. He scored when he liked with left hooks, straight lefts, and uppercuts, and in the eighth round, when Milligan was showing signs of wear, it seemed certain that the American would win on points. He proved himself to be an expert in holding, but in the eighth round he began to fade away, as the result of a battering to the body.

If he had been able to hit with anything like reasonable power he would have won in the early stages, but Milligan never gave up hope, and the first real chance that came to him was taken finely. He waited for one of Rosenblum's rushes, and smashed him to the body with his left. It was all over as the American fell.

Despite the fact that Milligan was out-boxed and out-speeded, he has never fought better or with a greater regard to defence.

NEW CHAMPION.

BANTAM-WEIGHT BELT FOR KID PATTENDEN.

In a 20-rounds contest for the bantam-weight championship of Great Britain and the Lonsdale belt at the National Sporting Club Kid Pattenden, of Bethnal Green, a product of the Working Lads' Federation clubs, knocked out Kid Nicholson, of Leeds, in the twelfth round of a really splendid bout.

Nicholson showed the better boxing, but he made a big mistake in carrying the fight at an exceedingly fast pace to a lad whose staying power and ability to fight back after being hurt are his greatest assets.

The Leeds boxer put in some very fine straight left hitting, and at times he made Pattenden miss badly with righthand punches for the chin.

Try as he might, however, Nicholson could do nothing to reduce the strength of Pattenden, who made every punch that got home tell.

Two Knock-out Blows.

Gradually Nicholson lost his speed, and when Pattenden made a spurt the Yorkshireman found difficulty in coping with a determined two-handed attack.

In the eleventh round a splendid righthand punch to the chin put Nicholson down for four seconds before the bell came to his rescue.

He had not fully recovered when he resumed and was soon down again, to be counted out.

Nicholson appeared to have hurt his leg in falling, but he was a well-seton man at the time.

It was the first fight for a Lonsdale belt since the end of 1925, when Johnny Brown won his belt outright by beating Harry Corbett.

—Daily Mail

HONG DOUBLES.

THIRTY SEVEN PAIRS ENTER.

THE DRAW.

Following is the draw for the Hong Doubles tennis tournament, which 37 pairs as against 32 last year have entered:

First Quarter.

M. D. Scott and M. G. Mills (H.K. & S. Bk.) rec. 15 bye v. J. S. McEachran and A. Reid (Chartered Bk.) owe 15 bye.

R. M. Chaloner and H. Spicer (B. & S.) rec. 15/3 bye v. C. L. Sandes and H. Graves (Mercantile Bk.) rec. 15 bye.

W. K. Tait and J. N. Owen (Dadwell & Co.) rec. 15 bye v. W. M. Lyons and L. A. R. Duncan (A. P. Co.) rec. bye.

J. Wilkie and R. P. Moodie (H.K. & S. Bk.) rec. 5/6 bye v. Lt.-Col. Wyatt and Rev. F. P. W. Alexander (Army) owe 15/3 bye.

Second Quarter.

W. L. Smith and J. A. E. Kenderow (Jardine, Matheson) rec. 15 bye v. Very Rev. A. Swann and Rev. Koop (St. John's Cathedral) owe 4/6 bye.

C. Blaker and G. Miskin (Gilmans & Co.) owe 2/6 bye v. C. W. E. Bishop and R. M. Henderson (P.W.D.) owe 3/6 bye.

W. N. H. Murdoch and E. L. Groome (Gibb, Livingston) rec. 5/6 bye v. D. J. Gilmore and T. L. Christie (Chartered Bk.) rec. 15 bye.

W. D. Fiddes Wilson and R. Gordon (Jardine, Matheson) rec. 15 bye v. B. R. West and P. W. Beaumont (Mercantile Bk.) rec. 15.

Lt. J. M. W. Healing and Lt. G. M. Waters (H.M.S. "Tamar") owe 3/6 v. Dr. G. E. Aubrey and Dr. J. W. Anderson (Doctors) rec. 15.

Third Quarter.

J. H. M. Andrew and C. D. Wales (Union Insurance) rec. 4/6 v. R. Hancock and H. S. Hills owe 3/6.

C. C. Stark and E. J. R. Mitchell owe 2/6 v. W. G. Lamb and A. E. Johnston (B. & S.) rec. 3/6.

O. J. Shannon and H. V. Parker (H.K. & S. Bk.) rec. v. W. A. Newers and D. S. Green (A.P. Co.) owe 1/6.

G. W. Sewell and H. Owen Hughes owe 15/2 bye, to meet the winners in the preceding tie.

T. D. E. Pendered and E. D. Lawrence (A.P.C.) owe 3/6 bye v. L. R. Billinghurst and I. Mackay (B. & S.) rec. 15/2 bye.

T. P. Saunders and J. R. Way (H.K. Electric Co.) rec. 15 bye v. O. E. C. Marton and M. H. Turner (Deacons) owe 2/6 bye.

Fourth Quarter.

L. G. Johnston and J. W. Hall (S.B. Ins.) rec. 15 bye v. J. H. Ashworth and J. M. Norris (Chartered Bk.) rec. 15.

W. B. Cornaby and A. Piercy (Jardine, Matheson) owe 15 bye v. T. G. Bennett and M. M. Watson (J.S. & Master) rec. 3/6 bye.

A. B. Raworth and J. D. Humphreys (owe 15) bye v. R. K. Valentine and A. D. Humphreys (Dadwell & Co.) owe 15.

N. M. Currie and W. A. Stewart (Davies Boug.) rec. 15 bye v. A. H. Penn and C. P. James rec. 15 bye.

KENT CRICKET.

A HAPPY-GO-LUCKY TEAM.

SCOTLAND'S CHOICE.

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LOCAL GOLF.

RESULTS FROM HAPPY VALLEY.

H. W. Edmonds (83-18, 65) has qualified in the Adamson Cup competition.

Other scores were:—W. McKay 90-18, 72; P. Morrison 90-16, 74; A. Brookshank 99-24, 75; R. Wallace 83-8, 75.

June Medal.

W. McKay 42-9, 33 wins.

Other scores: P. Morrison 43-8, 35; E. Dorling 48-7, 36; E. Hanlon 47-10, 37.



Walter Hagen, amateur star of the British Open at Sandwich, England, has been here immediately after his arrival in London, where he had been getting in trim for the Open. Although Hagen has taken him seriously due to the fact that his playing since his defeat has been exceptional. In this picture Hagen is shown practising on the roof of the Savoy Hotel in London.

THE HIGHLANDS.

SCOPE OF THE GRAMPIANS ELECTRICITY SCHEME.

ERA IN RURAL SCOTLAND.

of a tunnel 12 feet in diameter and a little over three miles in length through solid rock, and the laying of a steel pipe-line on the mountainside for the remainder of the distance. The difference in the levels of the two lochs is about 500 feet, but a dam will be built at the south end of Loch Erich to raise the level of that water. When these works have been completed a volume of water in the region of 200 million gallons a day will be rushed through the tunnel to the generating station.

PREPARING FOR DEVELOPMENT.

By statute the Grampian Company is authorised to supply electricity for all purposes within an area of supply of about 4,214 square miles, comprising the counties of Perth, Kinross, and Forfar, and certain parts of the counties of Inverness, Argyll, and Stirling. Pending the completion of the hydro-electric works at Loch Erich-Loch Rannoch, the company is cultivating the area in which it is to operate, and is temporarily satisfying requirements from other stations which it has acquired or erected. For instance, the Arbroath generating station has, with the approval of the Electricity Commissioners, been acquired by the company, and, by installing additional plant, the policy is being pursued of building up a demand in the eastern area while the hydro-electric works are under construction. Moreover, the company has established a small generating station at Kingussie in order to provide both for that burgh and for Newtonmore.

For the supply in its own high-tension overhead lines which will include lines from Loch Rannoch eastwards to Aberchir, via Forfar, and lines for the linking up of the burghs of Montrose, Brechin, Carnoustie, Monifieth, and Kirriemuir. Altogether these high-tension lines will cover a distance of 180 miles, and in addition there will be many miles of low-tension lines to be laid in the burghs. The company are at present actively negotiating way-leaves, and after these are arranged no time will be lost in erecting the lines. Already those from Arbroath to Monifieth are under construction by Messrs. Balfour, Beatty & Co. (Limited), who are the contractors for the whole of the works. This firm has carried out large electrical undertakings in this country and abroad, and is at present engaged on extensive hydro-electrical working at Lochaber. It is estimated that the cost of the works now being carried out will exceed £1,000,000.

A RURAL REVOLUTION.

The development of this gigantic scheme will open a new era for rural Scotland. With power available and distributed to many parts, which have been in the past almost isolated from the outer world, rural districts which still retain something of the deliberateness of a bygone age will be galvanised into activity. The prospect from the point of view of the sentimental will hold a certain grimness, but industrially, and in terms of the social well-being of the people, the possibilities of the scheme are unlimited. With electricity readily available at an attractive price, rural life will be stripped of many of the austereities imposed by lack of adequate lighting and cooking facilities. New industries will spring up to give a livelihood and a chance in life to thousands, and even where work and factories already exist their efficiency and the conditions under which the workers labour will be immeasurably improved. The oil lamps of mediævalism will give place to the latest methods of lighting, and at the sacrifice of the romance of the wick and tallow will be won the blessings of a more picturesque but more humane and knowledgeable age.

HYDRO-ELECTRIC SCHEME.

The Grampian Electric Supply Company, which now forms part of a large combination of properties owned by the Scottish Power Company (Limited), has an authorised capital of £1,750,000, which, subject to procedure prescribed by the Act of 1922, may be increased to £4,000,000. The borrowing powers of the company may, in certain circumstances, reach £4,000,000, so that the share capital and borrowing power contemplated, aggregate £8,000,000. The scheme, upon which it has embarked, contemplates utilising the waters of Loch Erich, Loch Rannoch, and Loch Garry, and the waters of the Tummel, the Truim, the Bruar, and subsidiary streams, the total catchment-area comprising some 400 square miles. It includes the erection of four generating stations, two with an aggregate capacity of 60,000 kilowatts on Loch Rannoch and on the Tummel, and two subsidiary stations of substantial kilowatt capacity on the Bruar. The first to be erected will be that on Loch Rannoch, and thereafter development will be progressive. The system of supply will be the standard frequency of 50 cycles.

Preliminary work involves the construction of an aqueduct to carry the water from Loch Erich to the generating station, four miles distant, at Loch Rannoch. This work comprises the boring

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AERIAL DRAMA

FOURTEEN BALLOONS
CAUGHT IN STORM.
STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

New York.—The most tragic consequences attended the start of the national elimination balloon race from Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, last month, when lightning struck and killed one of the contestants in mid-air, shocked and burned another, while the accompanying storm forced two others to leap for life, with fatal results to one and severe injuries to the other.

All the fourteen balloons in the race except one were forced down by a terrific storm shortly after the start. The exception was United States Army balloon No. 1, which, after battling with the elements for over twelve hours, came down at Weems, Virginia, and was therefore adjudged winner of the "race."

The last of the balloons had barely taken the air when a severe storm broke, and the great gas-bags were bombarded by hail, sleet, and rain, while lightning played about them in a terrifying manner.

Several of the pilots quickly descended in safety, while others were forced into trees or became entangled in telephone and electric wires. Lieutenant Evert, of Virginia, piloting an army balloon, was struck down by lightning and killed outright. His assistant, Lieutenant Ent, was knocked off his feet, but retained consciousness. His first thought, he said, was to jump, but observing that the envelope was afire he feared that his companion's body would be burnt and decided to try to bring the balloon down into the water. He was fortunate in landing on the river bank, and was rescued by spectators, who also recovered Lieutenant Evert's body from the basket, which was unscathed.

Goodyear V., another balloon, was struck, and the pilot, Ward Orman, sustained a fractured leg in a parachute leap. His assistant, Walter Morton, who also jumped, was found dead near Youngwood, Pennsylvania. One Navy balloon was caught in the structure of a mine shaft, but the occupants escaped without injury.

FOR DOCUMENTS.

MORE BLACK ARMY REVELATIONS.

Berlin.—Carefully guarded secrets are being dragged one after another into the light of day during the trial of eight young men at Stettin for the murder of a man in the Black Army (the so-called Labour battalions) for alleged treachery.

There was the spectacle of a high official, Dr. Spicker, giving a cynical account of the way in which he arranged with the military authorities to provide the excited German population of Upper Silesia with arms during the time of the Allied occupation.

The Prussian Minister of the Interior had been opposed to the scheme because he considered it dangerous, but his wishes were disregarded.

"We knew perfectly well that if we gave these people arms they would use them," said Dr. Spicker, coolly. He denied the statement made by another witness that 200 people had been murdered. "Possibly," he said, "Polish rebels were killed, but that cannot be called murder."

A young man employed to do rough work in Silesia said:

I was told to get certain documents. To do so a man had to be killed. As far as I can remember, he was shot.

The documents, he said, were handed to the State mission, of which Dr. Spicker was the head.

The cynical defence of Dr. Spicker when faced by this fact was: "The man was not given an order to kill anybody. How he got hold of the documents was his affair."

"VERY DICKENS."

WHAT LORD HEWART CALLED
A CLUB.
MAGISTRATES v. POLICE.

In the King's Bench Divisional Court, before the Lord Chief Justice (Lord Hewart) and Justices Salter and Branson, the justices of Hendon (Middlesex) appeared to oppose a rule calling on them to show cause why they should not be prohibited from dealing with an application by the police that the Dickens Club, of Cricklewood Lane, Hendon, should be struck off the register on the ground that it was not conducted in good faith.

For the justices Mr. Cecil Whitley, K.C., said that last January the police alleged that certain liquor offences had been committed at the club. Immediately afterwards the old club was purported to be wound up and a new club was formed, called the Dickens (1928) Social Club, with the same premises, the same proprietor and steward, and the same secretary.

Lord Hewart: The club judiciously committed suicide in the hope of a speedy resurrection.

Mr. E. Terrell (for the club) remarked that the club was the rendezvous of perfectly respectable residents in Cricklewood and the district.

Giving judgment, Lord Hewart observed that from the ashes of what might be called the "very Dickens Club" had arisen another club having the same premises, the same members, and same officials—indeed, the same everything. The only thing that was altered was the name of the club, which had two words inserted in it. The matter was essentially one for the consideration of the magistrates, and in these circumstances the rule would be discharged with costs.

FAMOUS BALLOONIST

INJURED IN PARACHUTE DESCENT.

Brussels.—Alexander Veenstra, the well-known balloonist, has been badly injured in making a parachute descent.

M. Veenstra, in the balloon "Prince Leopold" with Philippe Queris, won the Gordon Bennett Cup in 1925, when he made an exciting landing on the coast of Spain.

They had just brought their balloon to earth, and were making it fast, when a gust of wind took it out to sea. Veenstra received an injury to his foot on that occasion.

M. Veenstra invented a special kind of parachute, which he submitted to the Belgian air authorities in 1926, and it was in making a descent with this apparatus that he was injured. It is not stated how the accident happened.



Seville, Spain.—Marconi, inventor of wireless, his pretty wife and Queen Victoria of Spain. The renowned inventor stopped off at Seville, arriving on the yacht Electra, to witness the christening of the plane "Jesus of the Mighty Power." Queen Victoria was the sponsor.

MARCO POLO.

FOLLOWING IN HIS FOOTSTEPS
IN INNER MONGOLIA.
UNKNOWN AREAS.

Professor George B. Cressey, of Shanghai College, will soon start on a three months' tour to the unknown regions of the Ordos and Alashan deserts beyond the Great Wall from Kansu in Western Inner Mongolia. The journey to his base, the city of Ningxia, Kansu, will occupy three weeks, and will be by boat to Hankow, thence by rail via Chengchow to Shanchow, Honan; from there by motor car to Sianfu and to Pingliang, Kansu; and then by pack mules to Ninghsia.

The area which it is proposed to study lies in western Inner Mongolia, north of the Great Wall from Kansu. Except for irrigated strips along the Yellow River all of this region is a desert. In the centre of the area lies great Alashan Range of mountains, which rise to over 10,000 ft, and divide the desert into two distinct regions; the Alashan desert on the west and the Ordos on the east. The Ordos includes the district within the great northward bend of the Yellow River outside the Great Wall.

Although an ancient Mongolian trade route crosses this district, it has seldom been followed by Westerners. Except for a few trails most of the Ordos and Alashan is quite unknown, both geographically and geologically. Marco Polo crossed this area on his journey to China and over much of the summer Dr. Cressey's expedition will be following in his footsteps.

Object of the Expedition.

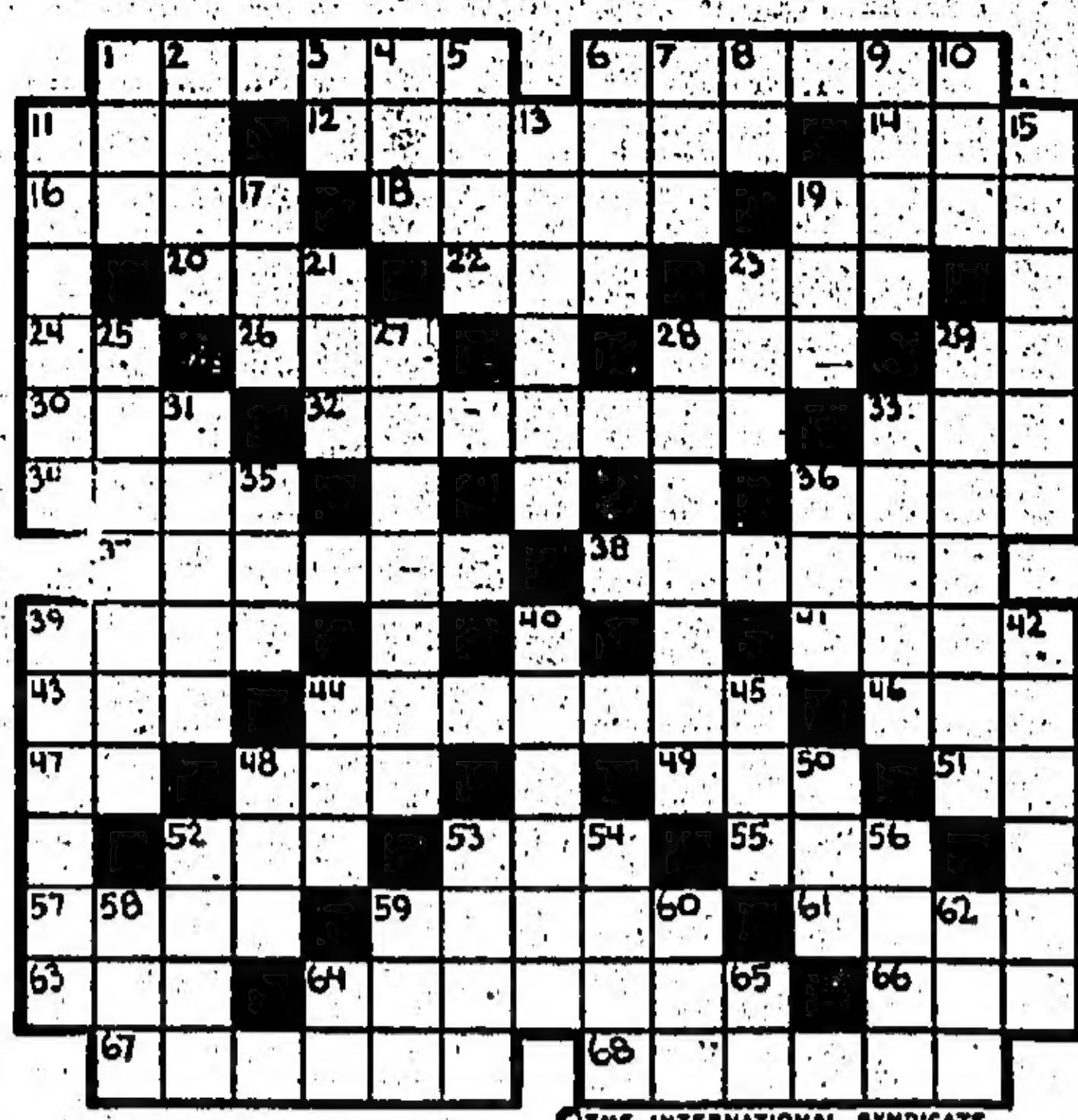
The chief geological problem deals with changes in the climate of central Asia during the last few geological periods. During the glacial period in Europe and North America Asia was free from ice. Mongolia at that time apparently had a much more moist climate. This problem is of more than theoretical interest, for climate controls vegetation and thus influences animal life. Since Asia seems to have been the centre of human evolution, climate throws light on the habitability of this area. The record of climate is written in sediments and erosion cycles, and the preliminary studies made by Professor Cressey in 1924 indicate that this area contains critical information. While no direct search is to be made for ancient man, it is important to note that the best evidence of early man so far found in central Asia is on the borders of the Ordos near Ninghsia.

Interesting Problems.

The Alashan Range presents some interesting problems in structural geology, for they are formed as the result of a great thrust from the west. Similar mountains are known

DAILY CROSS-WORD PUZZLE.

(This cross-word puzzle has been made by an expert but our readers are warned to look out for occasional phonetic spellings, such as harbor, plow, and altho.)



THE INTERNATIONAL SYNDICATE.

1-A heavy blow	17-A sailor
6-Critic	18-river in Austria-Hungary
11-Remote	19-Resisted
12-An infallible authority	20-Cocaine (abbr.)
14-Fade	21-Relieved
15-Combining form (MILK)	22-Mode used in knitting
18-Mistake	23-Resembling a tuft of hair
19-Sodium carbonate	24-City in France
20-Wind	25-The sheltered side
21-Overcoat	26-Barrel (abbr.)
22-Overcoat	27-Hypnotic condition
23-Victoria	28-Cutting, especially into two parts
24-A Roman weight of one pound	29-Resigned
25-Insured as a risk	30-Resigned
26-Parus	31-Resigned
27-Baronet (abbr.)	32-Corral
28-A little child	33-Cutting
29-Calm	34-Resigned
30-Roe (Scot.)	35-Resigned
31-Tarnish	36-Resigned
32-A halo round the moon or a star	37-Resigned
33-Parasite	38-Resigned
34-Things unknown	39-Resigned
35-A pronoun	40-Flutes
36-A part of the body (pl.)	41-Corrupt
37-Trampies	42-Corrupt
38-A collection	43-Part of the head
39-Preppie	44-Relaxed
40-Flutes	45-Resigned
41-Corrupt	46-Resigned
42-Corrupt	47-Resigned
43-Part of the head	48-Govern
44-Resigned	49-The sheltered side
45-Resigned	50-Barrel (abbr.)
46-Resigned	51-Hypnotic condition
47-Anne Domini (abbr.)	52-Cutting
48-A code-sign for distress	53-Resigned

(The solution of the above cross-word puzzle will appear in to-morrow's issue along with a new cross-word puzzle.)

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.

JOHNSON	JERICHO
ABO	MORON
BO	OUR
LOW	JIAS
JIAG	SIT
SIT	PRE
EBUR	DIHM
DIHM	T
GOT	M
M	U
COOFA	IAN
IAN	SAG
SAG	LAINDOR
LAINDOR	WOLSEY
WOLSEY	OR
OR	PAIMA
PAIMA	WAT
WAT	TEAR
TEAR	RHEA
RHEA	NILL
NILL	BANCA
BANCA	ALL
ALL	MACAW
MACAW	TRILL
TRILL	CIRR
CIRR	COL
COL	EF
EF	CARRIOL
CARRIOL	GATEWAY
GATEWAY	BE
BE	WMOE
WMOE	IDARA
IDARA	SPIT
SPIT	WOLFE
WOLFE	PROB

THE INTERNATIONAL SYNDICATE.

in other countries, but no detailed studies of this type have been made in China. It is

HEERING'S



"It is the only one Cherry Brandy known all over the World."

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which lighten
the 'white
man's burden'

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THE GOD OF WEALTH

HANKOW MONKS MISS
GOLDEN OPPORTUNITIES

COOLIES READY.

Hankow, June 22. Hankow is naturally a place where the God of Wealth might expect to be abundantly revered, and so it is not surprising to find him figuring in two forms. As "Ts'ai Shen" he is not only the god of riches but also the god of the rich. One can hardly imagine any but a wealthy merchant making his way into the great hall of the Wan Shou Kung and making obeisance before the God of Wealth as he sits in his richly gilded shrine to the left of the Patron idol of the Kiangsi merchants. The mere carving of the great gilded dragons which entwine themselves round the pillars of his shrine must have cost a small fortune in time and wages.

HIS HUMBLER SELF.

But as "Tu Ti Kung Kung" he is content to sit outside a temple or a house, and the meanest of shrines will suffice for his lodgment, while the humblest and the poorest can come and ask his aid in increasing their earthly gains. Linked as he is by his very name to the soil rather than to the riches which are indicated by the name "Ts'ai Shen," he figures as the friend of the small trader and the carrying coolie. In fact, he is often neglected altogether for a time and his shrine gets very dilapidated. This was the case, according to a current Chinese story, with the "Tu Ti Kung Kung" up at T'ien Chia Hang in the Chinese city of Hankow. Just opposite that passage-way, there is the Monastery of the Ten Regions where a number of monks reside, and in the passage-way there are always a group of coolies waiting till some man need them to carry his loads.

A GRATEFUL GOD.

Tu Ti Kung Kung looked around a short time ago and came to the conclusion that the coolies needed his help more than the monks, so he gave the holy men no hint of what he was going to do, whilst the waiting coolies saw all the show. It is said that these same coolies had done what little bit of worshipping the god had received for some time, till a sick person came along and for some reason offered his prayers and his incense to this way-side god instead of to one of the more important gods in the temple of the monastery. The act was appreciated and the sick man was restored to health. One or two more came on the same quest and were successful. Then it was noised abroad that the little Tu Ti Kung Kung had done what rocks and trees do on occasion out in the country side. He was

working miracles. Some women came forward to testify that they had asked this idol to grant them sons, and where other idols had been indifferent, this little one had honoured humble folk with sons.

COMMERCIALISED.

The question at once arose—who is to profit by this act of the God of Riches? And the obvious answer was—the coolies in the passage-way. So these ten men formed themselves into a com-

pany, and as a result every thinking man knows that it is in essence a fraud, as of course every thinking man knows that it is in essence. If this advice is taken, little Tu Ti Kung Kung will lapse back into his former quiet existence and the whole ten coolies will have to look for burdens to carry instead of relying on the kneeling-mats and the ashes of the incense for the riches that Kung Kung exists to supply.—"N. C. Daily News."



PHOTO BY WALTER WAGNER

ONE GREAT CHURCH.

SCOTTISH MINISTERS' AIM.

Scotland under one great church was the ideal pictured by the Rev. James Montgomery Campbell, Moderator of the Church of Scotland General Assembly, in addressing the Assembly at Edinburgh.

"We are not to be satisfied with the particular re-union which we anticipate immediately with the United Free Church," he declared. "The Scottish National Church of the future ought to include in its membership every branch of the Church of God which has its root in Scottish soil and its place in Scottish history."

HONG KONG HOTEL VISITORS.

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Messrs. R. E. Francis, S. J. Fuller.

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Miss A. C. Valpeid.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Weisman, Mr. and Mrs. L. Willebarts, Miss D. E. Willis, Messrs. R. P. Whitham, S. S. Wong, G. Wragge.

The late Mr. John Kennedy, of The Lodge, Birnam, Perth, sometime manager of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation at Manila, left £35,416 (personal estate in Great Britain).

QUEERING THE PITCH.

All would go on merrily on these lines, if some jealous soul

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If your tea won't keep your temper with a CAPSTAN

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After dinner there's great satisfaction in a CAPSTAN

Ah—m—m—m— CAPSTAN are great

FOR A CAPSTAN

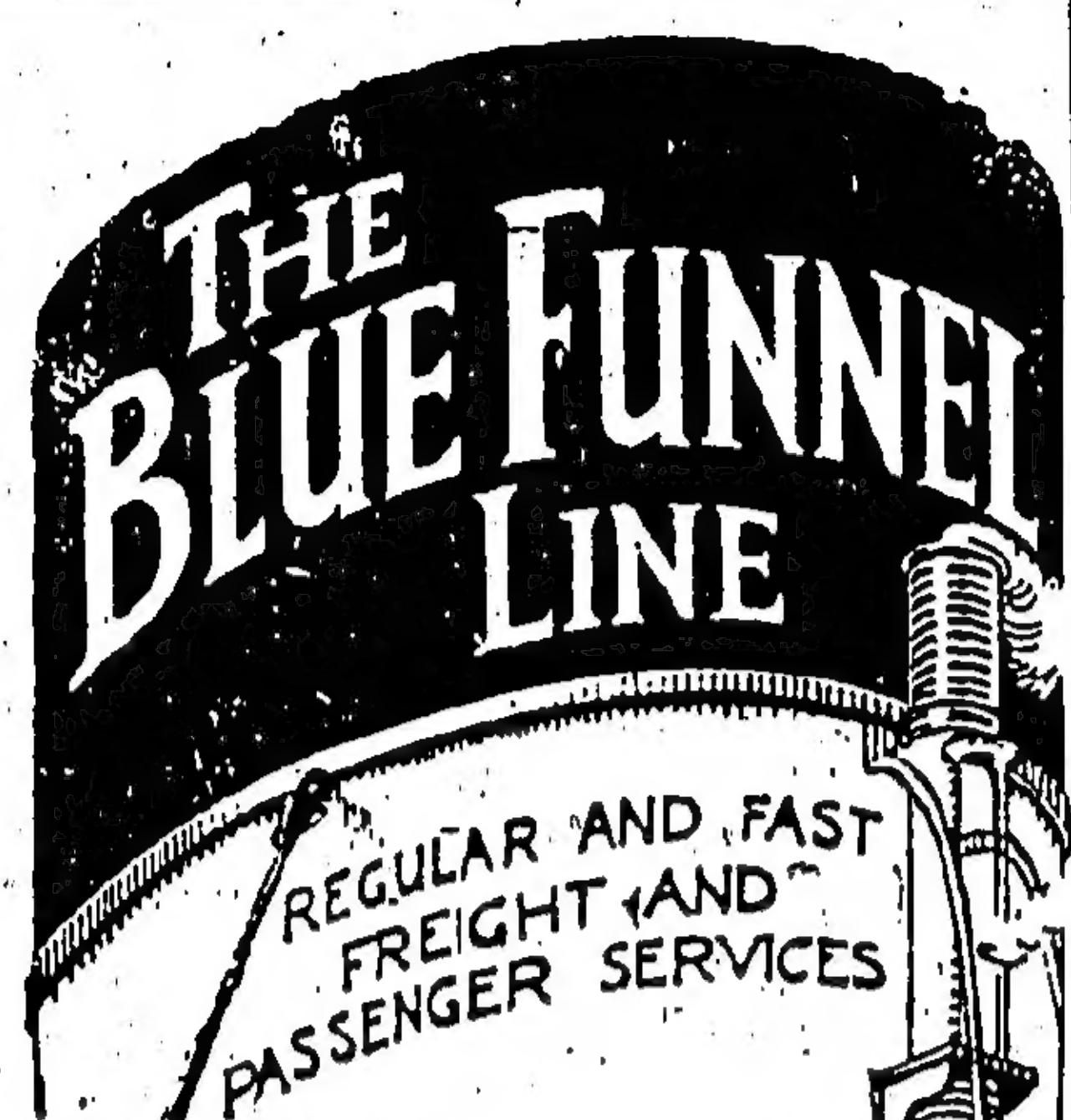
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"HECTOR" 11th July Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Glasgow
"PELEGRIN" 24th July Marseilles, Calais, Bremen, Hamburg
"GLAUCUS" 7th Aug. Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg

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Commencing 12th June the radio telegraphic rate between Hong Kong and Canton is reduced to 20 cents (Hong Kong currency) per word. No charges will be payable by addressees at either end.

INWARD MAIIS.

From	Per
WEDNESDAY, JULY 4.	
Amoy	Takada
THURSDAY, JULY 5.	
Straits	Fook Sang
Straits	Nellore
Shanghai and Amoy	Luchow
Europe via Suez (Letters and papers, London, 7th June, and parcels, 31st May)	Kashmir
FRIDAY, JULY 6.	
U.S.A., Canada, Japan and Shanghai	President Jefferson
Shanghai and Europe via Siberia	Khyber
MONDAY, JULY 9.	
Manila	President McKinley
Canada, U.S.A., Japan and Shanghai	Empress of Asia
Australia and Manila	Arafura
TUESDAY, JULY 10.	
Australia and Manila	Taiping

OUTWARD MAIIS.

For	Per
WEDNESDAY, JULY 4.	
Swatow	Kwai Sang 4.30 p.m.
Sam Shui and Wuchow	Tai Ming 4.30 p.m.
THURSDAY, JULY 5.	
Hoihow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Tean 8.30 a.m.
Straits	Van Heutsz 10 a.m.
Swatow	Hydrangea 2.30 p.m.
Bangkok	Hathor 2.30 p.m.
Saigon	Prosper 3.30 p.m.
Amoy	Fook Sang 5 p.m.
Wei Hai Wei	Kwangse 5 p.m.
FRIDAY, JULY 6.	
Haiphong	Song Bo 8.30 a.m.
Bangkok	Kweiyang 8.30 a.m.
Shanghai, Japan and Europe via Siberia	Kashmir 10.30 a.m.
Straits	Sui Sang 1.30 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Hai Ching 2 p.m.
Manila and parcels for Germany via Hamburg	Albert Voegler 3.30 p.m.
Sandakan	Mausang 5 p.m.
Shanghai	Szechuen 6 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 5th Aug. K.P.O. Parcels 4.30 p.m. Registration (July 7th) 9 a.m. Letters 10 a.m. G.P.O. Parcels 5 p.m. Registration (July 7th) 9.45 a.m. Letters 10.30 a.m. Khyber	
SATURDAY, JULY 7.	
Manila	Pres. Jefferson 4.30 p.m.
Amoy	Anhui 5 p.m.
SUNDAY, JULY 8.	
Bangkok via Swatow	Kaying 9 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Kishi Maru 9 a.m.

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

HOME INDUSTRIAL CONDITIONS.

T.U.C. POLICY.
STRONGLY SUPPORTED BY MR. J. H. THOMAS.

THE MOND COMMITTEE.

London, Yesterday. At the National Union of Railways' Congress at Bristol Mr. J. H. Thomas strongly supported the policy of the Trade Unions Congress in continuing the discussions on industrial conditions between representative employers headed by Lord Melchett, formerly Sir Alfred Mond, and trade unionists.

Mr. Thomas said the policy of co-operation with employers was similar to that represented by the Mond committee and discussions had been and were being followed with success on the railways. He welcomed an extension of the principle.

A resolution condemning the Trade Union Congress action in proceeding with negotiations was heavily defeated.—British Wireless Service.

INDECENCY CHARGE

CHINESE BEFORE THE MAGISTRATE.

\$500 BAIL.

Chan Tuk-chau, a Chinese of the better class, who appeared in Court dressed in European costume, and was described as a telegraphist, was this morning charged before Mr. R. E. Lindsell at the Central Magistracy on two serious counts of indecent behaviour towards a 13-year-old servant girl named Au Yung-fung.

Mr. J. M. Remedios appeared for the defence.

Detective Sergeant Whelan, of No. 2 Police Station, applied for a week's formal remand on the instruction of the Assistant Attorney General.

Asked by the Magistrate if the defendant was on bail, the Sergeant replied that he had been given bail in the sum of \$500 on the instruction of the Secretary for Chinese Affairs.

Mr. Lindsell remarked that judging from the amount of bail there was not a very good case on the more serious charge.

Detective Sergeant Whelan: Hardly, your Worship.

Mr. Remedios said that in that case he would ask his Worship to consider the reduction of bail.

The Magistrate, in refusing the application, said that the other charge of indecent assault was also a very serious one, and he was of the opinion that bail of \$500 was reasonable.

A week's formal remand was given.

HIS TROUSERS.

A VERY EMPHATIC CHINESE.

"If I stole those trousers, I am ready to be beheaded."

Thus spoke the defendant, a Chinese, at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning in answering a charge of unlawful possession.

A Chinese constable who made the arrest said that he saw the defendant walking towards him in Reclamation-street yesterday, and when near each other, the constable noticed that the defendant was concealing a bundle inside his jacket under his arm. Asked where he obtained the article, the accused could give no adequate reply.

He was taken to the station. On cross-examination, in Court defendant said the trousers were his own property. He further added that he sometimes became of unsound mind, and did not know what he was doing. He refused to say where he obtained the trousers, flatly maintaining that they were his.

Mr. Schofield: "That's a very strange way to carry one's trousers."

Defendant: "They are old, and I am ashamed to carry them openly."

There were two previous convictions against defendant for stealing within recent months.

A fine of \$20 was imposed, with the alternative of one month's imprisonment.

The Magistrate fixed hearing of the case for 2.15 p.m.

ITALIAN FLIERS' BIG VENTURE.

DISTANCE RECORD.
FERRARIN AND DELPRETE START FOR FRANCE.

IN "SAVOIA 64."

Rome, Yesterday. The airmen, Ferrarin and Delprete, in the "Savoia 64," have started for South America in an endeavour to break the distance record in the same machine in which they broke the duration record on June 2 by remaining in the air for 58 hours and 37 minutes.—Reuter.

COOLIE'S DEATH.

ICE TRUCK AND MOTOR CAR COLLIDE.

THE INQUIRY.

Mr. R. E. Lindsell and a coroner's jury sat at the Central Magistracy, yesterday afternoon, to inquire into the circumstances attending the death of a truck coolie, who was knocked down by a motor car on the Causeway Bay-road in the early morning of June 23 and died at the Government Clinical Hospital on the following day.

According to a fok of the dead man, the accident occurred at about 8 a.m. They were pulling a truck laden with ice and were going from the On Lok Yuen factory to the Wing Hing Ice store at Jardine's Bazaar. Just before reaching the Jockey Club stables, the witness who was pulling in front felt his rope slacken. As the front of the truck swung out of its track, the witness looked back, and saw the deceased caught between the back of the truck and the front of a motor car which had run into the truck. One of the rear shafts of the truck had penetrated the car's radiator. Five persons who were in the car promptly got out and disappeared. The driver remained, and he took the deceased to the hospital.

The witness stated that before the collision, he did not hear any horn sounded, and did not see the reflection of any light from the car. The accident were out when The lights of the car concerned in witness saw it after the collision. According to Dr. G. H. Thomas, most of the dead man's injuries were internal, and he died whilst under operation which was undertaken with a view to discovering the nature of the man's injuries. He also had three fractured ribs, but this in itself was not dangerous. Death was due to intestinal injuries and incidental shock. The inquiry was adjourned until Tuesday morning next.

According to Dr. G. H. Thomas, most of the dead man's injuries were internal, and he died whilst under operation which was undertaken with a view to discovering the nature of the man's injuries.

He also had three fractured ribs, but this in itself was not dangerous. Death was due to intestinal injuries and incidental shock.

The inquiry was adjourned until Tuesday morning next.

BLASTING.

CASE IN COURT TO-DAY.

"Wednesday afternoon is the best time for a banker to get away from his office."

This was the statement made by Mr. Horace Lo to Mr. R. E. Lindsell at the Central Magistracy this morning, in applying for a case, which was mentioned in Court to be heard this afternoon.

The case was one in which Mr. A. Becker, of the Equitable Eastern Banking Corporation summoned the Kwong Sing Loong firm of contractors, for not providing adequate covering while carrying out blasting operations in Pokfulam at 5 p.m. on June 24, and Mr. Lo appeared for the complainant.

As Mr. Becker was not in Court, Mr. Lindsell asked Mr. Lo, how he was going to prove his case in the absence of his client.

Mr. Lo applied for the case to be taken in the afternoon, and made the statement quoted above.

Replying to the Magistrate, Mr. Lo said that fragments of rocks blasted by the defendant firm had on several occasions fallen in the vicinity of Mr. Becker's house in Pokfulam-road, but the defendants were being prosecuted with regard to June 24 only. Glass windows at Mr. Becker's house had had several narrow escapes and the lawn was periodically littered with stones, some of which were of a large size.

The Magistrate fixed hearing of the case for 2.15 p.m.

GERMANY'S FOREIGN POLICY.

FRESH VIEWS.
"IMMEDIATE EVACUATION OF OCCUPIED AREAS."

EQUALITY WITH NATIONS.

Rome, Yesterday. In the Reichstag, Herr Mueller enunciated the new Government's foreign policy, which was based on a desire for peaceful understanding, and repudiation of the idea of revenge. It aimed at securing German equality with other nations, and the immediate evacuation of occupied areas.

Eight-Hour Day.

Later. Chancellor Mueller, in the course of his declaration of policy announced that the Government proposed to ratify the Washington Eight-Hour Day Agreement.—Reuter.

ARCTIC SEARCH.

STILL LOOKING FOR AMUNDSEN AND GUILBAUD.

Rome, Yesterday. The famous German pilot Udet and two German aeroplanes fitted with skis have joined in the international search for the "Italia" and Amundsen.

British Machines Declined.

Oslo, Yesterday. The Private Committee organising the expedition to search for Amundsen, has declined the British Air Ministry's offer to send two small aeroplanes because the Air Ministry is unable to send the machines in a cruiser instead of overland.

The Committee fears that the wait would delay the departure of the expedition.—Reuter.

Ploughing Through Icefields.

Rome, Yesterday. A telegram from the "Città di Milano" states that the Moscow Soviet icebreaker "Krassin," is 55 miles from the party and is ploughing her way through icefields at three knots an hour.

The Italian aeroplane "Marina 1" flew in appalling conditions for 4½ hours in search of Amundsen, but nothing was seen.—Reuter.

MURDER SEQUEL.

EXECUTION SCENES.

Frederick Guy Browne and William Henry Kennedy, who were sentenced to death at the Old Bailey for the murder of Police-constable Gutteridge in Essex on Sept. 27 last, were executed last month.—Browne at Fentonville and Kennedy at Wandsworth, says the London "Daily Telegraph."

At the inquests held subsequently it was stated that in both cases the sentence of the law was carried out without any delay, and that death was "instantaneous" by "judicial hanging." Chief Inspector Barrett, of New Scotland Yard, who was in charge of the investigations which led to the arrest of the two men, gave evidence of identification at the inquest on Kennedy, and Sir Bernard Spilsbury was also a witness.

Browne's age had been given as 46, but his brother-in-law, in reply to a question, informed Sir Walter Schroder, the coroner, that the man's correct age was 36, and his name not "Frederick Guy" but "Leo" Browne. The witness added that Browne was not known by the Christian names of